

9TH GRADE MATH (ALGEBRA) SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

EARLY FIRST QUARTER

Number, Number Sense and Operations

- A. Use scientific notation to express large numbers and numbers less than one.
- B. Identify subsets of the real number system.
- C. Apply properties of operations and the real number system, and justify when they hold for a set of numbers.
- D. Connect physical, verbal and symbolic representations of integers, rational numbers and irrational numbers.
- E. Compare, order and determine equivalent forms of real numbers.
- F. Explain the effects of operations on the magnitude of quantities.

Measurement

- C. Apply indirect measurement techniques, tools and formulas, as appropriate, to find perimeter, circumference and area of circles, triangles, quadrilaterals and composite shapes, and to find volume of prisms, cylinders, and pyramids.

Geometry and Spatial Sense

- C. Recognize and apply angle relationships in situations involving intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines.
- D. Use coordinate geometry to represent and examine the properties of geometric figures.
- I. Use right triangle trigonometric relationships to determine lengths and angle measures.

Patterns, Functions and Algebra

- C. Translate information from one representation (words, table, graph or equation) to another representation of a relation or function.
- F. Solve and graph linear equations and inequalities.

Data Analysis and Probability

- A. Create, interpret and use graphical displays and statistical measures to describe data.
- K. Make predictions based on theoretical probabilities and experimental results.

Mathematical Processes

- A through H

LATE FIRST QUARTER

Number, Number Sense and Operations

- G. Estimate, compute and solve problems involving real numbers, including ratio, proportion and percent, and explain solutions.
- H. Find the square root of perfect squares, and approximate the square root of non-perfect squares.
- I. Estimate, compute and solve problems involving scientific notation, square roots and numbers with integer exponents.

Measurement

- F. Write and solve real-world, multi-step problems involving money, elapsed time and temperature, and verify reasonableness of solutions.

Geometry and Spatial Sense

- C. Recognize and apply angle relationships in situations involving intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines.
- D. Use coordinate geometry to represent and examine the properties of geometric figures.
- I. Use right triangle trigonometric relationships to determine lengths and angle measures.

Patterns, Functions and Algebra

- C. Translate information from one representation to another representation of a relation or function.
- F. Solve and graph linear equations and inequalities.

Data Analysis and Probability

- A. Create, interpret and use graphical displays and statistical measures to describe data.
- K. Make predictions based on theoretical probabilities and experimental results.

Mathematical Processes

- A through H

EARLY SECOND QUARTER

Number, Number Sense and Operations

- G. Estimate, compute and solve problems involving real numbers, including ratio, proportion and percent, and explain solutions.

Measurement

- C. Apply indirect measurement techniques, tools and formulas, as appropriate, to find perimeter, circumference and area of circles, triangles, quadrilaterals and composite shapes, and to find volume of prisms, cylinders, and pyramids.

Geometry and Spatial Sense

- C. Recognize and apply angle relationships in situations involving intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines.

Patterns, Functions and Algebra

- A. Generalize and explain patterns and sequences in order to find the next term and the n th term.
- B. Identify and classify functions as linear or nonlinear, and contrast their properties using tables, graphs or equations.

Data Analysis and Probability

- A. Create, interpret and use graphical displays and statistical measures to describe data.
- K. Make predictions based on theoretical probabilities and experimental results.

Mathematical Processes

- A. Formulate a problem or mathematical model in response to a specific need or situation, determine information required to solve the problem; choose method for obtaining this information, and set limits for acceptable solution.
- B. Apply mathematical knowledge and skills routinely in other content areas and practical situations.
- C. Recognize and use connections between equivalent representations and related procedures for a mathematical concept.
- D. Apply reasoning processes and skills to construct logical verifications or counter-examples to test conjectures and to justify and defend algorithms and solutions.
- E. Use a variety of mathematical representations flexibly and appropriately to organize, record and communicate mathematical ideas.
- F. Use precise mathematical language and notations to represent problem situations and mathematical ideas.
- G. Write clearly and coherently about mathematical thinking and ideas.
- H. Locate and interpret mathematical information accurately, and communicate ideas, processes and solutions in a complete and easily understood manner.

LATE SECOND QUARTER

Number, Number Sense and Operations

- A. Use scientific notation to express large numbers and numbers less than one.

Measurement

- B. Use formulas to find surface area and volume for specified three-dimensional objects accurate to a specified level of precision.
- D. Use proportional reasoning and apply indirect measurement techniques, including right triangle trigonometry and properties of similar triangles, to solve problems involving measurements and rates.

Geometry and Spatial Sense

- C. Recognize and apply angle relationships in situations involving intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines.
- D. Use coordinate geometry to represent and examine the properties of geometric figures.
- I. Use right triangle trigonometric relationships to determine lengths and angle measures.

Patterns, Functions and Algebra

- D. Use algebraic representations, such as tables, graphs, expressions, functions and inequalities, to model and solve problem situations.
- E. Analyze and compare functions and their graphs using attributes, such as rates of change, intercepts and zeros.
- H. Solve systems of linear equations involving two variables graphically and symbolically.

Data Analysis and Probability

- A. Create, interpret and use graphical displays and statistical measures to describe data.

Mathematical Processes

- A through H

9TH GRADE MATH (ALGEBRA) SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

EARLY THIRD QUARTER

Number, Number Sense and Operations

- A. Use scientific notation to express large numbers and numbers less than one.
- G. Estimate, compute and solve problems involving real numbers, including ratio, proportion and percent, and explain solutions.

Measurement

- E. Estimate and compute various attributes, including length, angle measure, area, surface area and volume, to a specified level of precision.

Geometry and Spatial Sense

- C. Recognize and apply angle relationships in situations involving intersecting lines, perpendicular lines and parallel lines.
- D. Use coordinate geometry to represent and examine the properties of geometric figures.
- I. Use right triangle trigonometric relationships to determine lengths and angle measures.

Patterns, Functions and Algebra

- G. Solve quadratic equations with real roots by graphing, formula and factoring.
- I. Model and solve problem situations involving direct and inverse variation.
- J. Describe and interpret rates of change from graphical and numerical data.

Data Analysis and Probability

- A. Create, interpret and use graphical displays and statistical measures to describe data; e.g., box-and-whisker plots, histograms, scatter plots, measures of center and variability.
- K. Make predictions based on theoretical probabilities and experimental results.

Mathematical Processes

A through H

LATE THIRD QUARTER

Number, Number Sense and Operations

- G. Estimate, compute and solve problems involving real numbers, including ratio, proportion and percent, and explain solutions.

Measurement

- C. Apply indirect measurement techniques, tools and formulas, as appropriate, to find perimeter, circumference and area of circles, triangles, quadrilaterals and composite shapes, and to find volume of prisms, cylinders, and pyramids.

Geometry and Spatial Sense

- D. Use coordinate geometry to represent and examine the properties of geometric figures.
- I. Use right triangle trigonometric relationships to determine lengths and angle measures.

Patterns, Functions and Algebra

- C. Translate information from one representation (words, table, graph or equation) to another representation of a relation or function.
- F. Solve and graph linear equations and inequalities.

Data Analysis and Probability

- B. Evaluate different graphical representations of the same data to determine which is the most appropriate representation for an identified purpose.
- C. Compare the characteristics of the mean, median and mode for a given set of data, and explain which measure of center best represents the data.
- D. Find, use and interpret measures of center and spread, such as mean and quartiles, and use those measures to compare and draw conclusions about sets of data.
- E. Evaluate the validity of claims and predictions that are based on data by examining the appropriateness of the data collection & analysis.
- F. Construct convincing arguments based on analysis of data and interpretation of graphs.

Mathematical Processes

A through H

EARLY FOURTH QUARTER

Number, Number Sense and Operations

- G. Estimate, compute and solve problems involving real numbers, including ratio, proportion and percent, and explain solutions.

Measurement

- C. Apply indirect measurement techniques, tools & formulas, as appropriate, to find perimeter, circumference & area of circles, triangles, quadrilaterals & composite shapes, & to find volume of prisms, cylinders, and pyramids.

Geometry and Spatial Sense

- A. Formally define geometric figures.

Patterns, Functions and Algebra

- C. Translate information from one representation (words, table, graph or equation) to another representation of a relation or function.
- F. Solve and graph linear equations and inequalities.

Data Analysis and Probability

- G. Describe sampling methods and analyze the effects of method chosen on how well the resulting sample represents the population.
- H. Use counting techniques, such as permutations and combinations, to determine the total number of options and possible outcomes.
- I. Design an experiment to test a theoretical probability, and record and explain results.
- J. Compute probabilities of compound events, independent events, and simple dependent events.

Mathematical Processes

- A. Formulate a problem or mathematical model in response to a specific need or situation, determine information required to solve the problem; choose method for obtaining this information, and set limits for acceptable solution.
- B. Apply mathematical knowledge and skills routinely in other content areas and practical situations.
- C. Recognize and use connections between equivalent representations and related procedures for a mathematical concept.
- D. Apply reasoning processes and skills to construct logical verifications or counter-examples to test conjectures and to justify and defend algorithms and solutions.
- E. Use a variety of mathematical representations flexibly and appropriately to organize, record and communicate mathematical ideas.
- F. Use precise mathematical language and notations to represent problem situations and mathematical ideas.
- G. Write clearly and coherently about mathematical thinking and ideas.
- H. Locate and interpret mathematical information accurately, and communicate ideas, processes and solutions in a complete and easily understood manner.

LATE FOURTH QUARTER

Number, Number Sense and Operations

- A. Use scientific notation to express large numbers and numbers less than one.

Measurement

- A. Solve increasingly complex non-routine measurement problems and check for reasonableness of results.

Geometry and Spatial Sense

- B. Describe and apply the properties of similar and congruent figures; and justify conjectures involving similarity and congruence.
- E. Draw and construct representations of two and three-dimensional geometric objects using a variety of tools, such as straightedge, compass and technology.
- F. Represent and model transformations in a coordinate plane and describe the results.
- G. Prove or disprove conjectures and solve problems involving two and three-dimensional objects represented within a coordinate system.
- H. Establish the validity of conjectures about geometric objects, their properties and relationships by counterexample, inductive and deductive reasoning, and critiquing arguments made by others.

Patterns, Functions and Algebra

- C. Translate information from one representation (words, table, graph or equation) to another representation of a relation or function.
- F. Solve and graph linear equations and inequalities.

Data Analysis and Probability

- K. Make predictions based on theoretical probabilities and experimental results.

Mathematical Processes

A through H